Title: Cancer Monitoring by Aberrant Promotor Methylation of the Transcription Factor Genes PAX5 Alpha PAX5 Beta, Novel Loop Helix Loop
Protein, Novel Gene 2, and Beta 3 Genes

IN THE CLAIMS

Please replace all prior versions and claims listing with the following listing of claims.

CLAIMS LISTING:

1-2. (cancel)

 (previously presented) A method of monitoring for cancer in a biological specimen containing DNA from cells suspected of being cancerous and having PAX5 β genespecific promoter methylation comprising the steps of:

subjecting DNA to bisulfite modification;

expanding the number of copies of at least a portion of the PAX5 β gene by a polymerase chain reaction to amplify the portion of the PAX5 β gene where the promoter methylation resides, thereby generating an amplification product; and

using an aliquot of the amplification product generated by the first polymerase chain reaction in a second, methylation-specific, polymerase chain reaction at a temperature of annealing that exceeds the melting temperature of the second primer set to amplify a portion of the gene's CpG island where the promoter methylation resides and detect the presence of inactivation of the PAXS β gene.

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4-6. (cancel)

7. (withdrawn) A method of monitoring for cancer in a biological specimen

containing DNA from cells suspected of being cancerous and having PAX5 a gene-specific

promoter methylation comprising the steps of:

subjecting DNA to bisulfite modification;

expanding the number of copies of at least a portion of the PAX5 a gene by using

a polymerase chain reaction to amplify a portion of the PAX5 α gene where the promoter

methylation resides, thereby generating an amplification product; and

using an aliquot of the amplification product generated by the first polymerase

chain reaction in a second, methylation-specific, polymerase chain reaction at a temperature of

annealing that exceeds the melting temperature of the second primer set to amplify a portion of

the gene's CpG island where the promoter methylation resides and detect the presence of

inactivation of the PAX5 α gene.

8-9. (cancel)

10. (previously presented) The method of claim 3 wherein the step of expanding at

least a portion of the PAX5 B gene comprises amplifying a 328 base pair fragment with a primer

set comprising:

Forward 5' SEO ID NO: 3

Reverse 5' SEO ID NO: 4

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11. (previously presented) The method of claim 3 wherein the biological specimen

from which the DNA is obtained is selected from tissue, plasma, ejaculate, cerebrospinal fluid,

serum, mammary duct fluid, urine, fecal stool, and sputum.

12. (withdrawn) The method of claim 7 wherein the step of expanding at least a

portion of the PAX5 α gene comprises amplifying a 389 base pair fragment with a primer set

comprising:

Forward 5' gggtttgtatatggagatgttatagg

Reverse 5' caacatcacaaaatatccccaaacac

13. (withdrawn) The method of claim 7 wherein the biological sample from which

the DNA is obtained is selected from tissue, plasma, ejaculate, cerebrospinal fluid, serum,

mammary duct fluid, urine, fecal stool, and sputum.